

## Combustion Analysis Practice Problems

- 1.) Researchers used a combustion method to analyze a compound used as an antiknock additive in gasoline. A 9.394 mg sample of the compound yielded 31.154 mg of carbon dioxide and 7.977 mg of water in the combustion. Calculate the percent composition of the compound.
- 2.) A 1.50 g sample of hydrocarbon undergoes complete combustion to produce 4.40 g of  $\text{CO}_2$  and 2.70 g of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . What is the empirical formula of this compound? In addition, its molecular weight has been determined to be about 78. What is the molecular formula?
- 3.) A 0.250 g sample of hydrocarbon undergoes complete combustion to produce 0.845 g of  $\text{CO}_2$  and 0.173 g of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . What is the empirical formula of this compound?
- 4.) A 0.2500 g sample of a compound known to contain carbon, hydrogen and oxygen undergoes complete combustion to produce 0.3664 g of  $\text{CO}_2$  and 0.1500 g of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . What is the empirical formula of this compound?
- 5.) Caffeine, a stimulant found in coffee, tea, and certain soft drinks, contains C, H, O, and N. Combustion of 1.000 mg of caffeine produces 1.813 mg  $\text{CO}_2$ , 0.4639 mg  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , and 0.2885 mg  $\text{N}_2$ . Estimate the molar mass of caffeine, which lies between 150 and 200 g/mol.
- 6.) 0.487 grams of quinine (molar mass = 324 g/mol) is combusted and found to produce 1.321 g  $\text{CO}_2$ , 0.325 g  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  and 0.0421 g nitrogen. Determine the empirical and molecular formulas.
- 7.) 95.6 mg of menthol (molar mass = 156 g/mol) are burned in oxygen gas to give 269 mg  $\text{CO}_2$  and 110 mg  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ . What is menthol's empirical formula?
- 8.) When 1.00 g of a compound containing only carbon and hydrogen is burned completely, 3.14 g of  $\text{CO}_2$  and 1.29 g of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  is produced. What is the empirical formula?
- 9.) Aniline, a starting compound for urethane plastic foams, consists of C, H, and N. Combustion of such compounds yields  $\text{CO}_2$  (carbon dioxide),  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (water), and  $\text{N}_2$  as products. If the combustion of 9.71 mg of Aniline yields 6.63 mg of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  and 1.46 mg of  $\text{N}_2$ , what is its empirical formula? The molecular weight of Aniline is 93 amu. What is its molecular formula?
- 10.) 0.658 g of a compound containing only carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen is burned in excess  $\text{O}_2$ .  $\text{CO}_2$  (1.285 g) and  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (0.658g) are produced. The molar mass of the compound is determined by mass spectrometry to be 90 g/mole. Determine the empirical and molecular formulas